SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: HYDROPLUS WATERBORNE CONVERTER FOR EXTERIORS - 15 GLOSS
Product code: AZ9715/BB

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses: Paint or paint related material.
Industrial use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS Italy S.r.l.
Via del Fiffo, 12 - 40065 Pianoro (BO)
Italia - C.P. 18
Cod. Fisc. e Reg. Impr. Bo 0886930152

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: regulatory.SWI@sherwin.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre
Telephone number: +353 1 809 2166

Supplier
Telephone number: +39 051 770511
Hours of operation: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word: No signal word.
Hazard statements: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements
Prevention: Not applicable.
Response: Not applicable.
Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available on request.
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8</td>
<td>≤3</td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2, H319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and intermediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Due to the organic solvents content of the mixture:

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contains and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Due to the organic solvents content of the mixture:

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Information on fire and explosion protection
Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage
Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions
Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access.

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Store above 5°C (42°F) Protect from frost.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Recommendations
Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions
Not available.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

*Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.*

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>NAOSH (Ireland, 3/2016).</th>
<th>Recommended monitoring procedures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>OELV-8hr: 10 ppm 8 hours. OELV-15min: 101.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OELV-8hr: 67.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
<td>If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DNELs/DMELs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>62.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>62.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal inhalation</td>
<td>20 mg/kg</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term inhalation</td>
<td>50.6 mg/m³</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Local</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>34 mg/m³</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>34 mg/m³</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Local</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Dermal inhalation</td>
<td>10 mg/kg</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term Oral inhalation</td>
<td>1.25 mg/kg</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Short term inhalation</td>
<td>14 ppm</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Systemic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNEL</td>
<td>Long term inhalation</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Local</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PNECs**
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Compartment Detail</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Method Detail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.1 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>4.9 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water sediment</td>
<td>0.4 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage Treatment Plant</td>
<td>200 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Secondary Poisoning</td>
<td>56 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.4 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Gloves: Short Term Exposure less than 10 minutes Continuous use Nitrile gloves. Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time).

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection: Personnel should wear protective clothing.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Respiratory protection**
- Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Environmental exposure controls**
- Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

**Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user’s own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.**

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Colour**: Not available.
- **Odour**: Paint
- **Odour threshold**: Not Available (Not Tested).
- **pH**: 7.8
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: 100°C
- **Flash point**: Closed cup: >93.3°C
- **Evaporation rate**: 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1)
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**
  - Lower: 0.9%
  - Upper: 23.5%
- **Vapour pressure**: 0.31 kPa [at 20°C]
- **Vapour density**: 1 [Air = 1]
- **Relative density**: 1.18
- **Solubility(ies)**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: Not Available (Not Tested).
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Viscosity**: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s
- **Explosive properties**: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- **Oxidising properties**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 9.2 Other information

- **Heat of combustion**: 1.058 kJ/g

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity
- No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical stability
- Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2700 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4500 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute toxicity estimates

No data available

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>20 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitisation

No data available

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

CONFORMS TO REGULATION (EC) NO. 1907/2006 (REACH), ANNEX II
HYDROPLUS WATERBORNE CONVERTER FOR EXTERIORS - 15 GLOSS
AZ9715/BB

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)-ethanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP ow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No data available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.
Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.
vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: No.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 12 waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11

Disposal considerations: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

European waste catalogue (EWC): Plastic articles 15 01 02 - metallic packaging 15 01 04 - mixed packaging 15 01 06.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/Label(s)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This mixture is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG, ICAO/IATA).

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II
HYDROPLUS WATERBORNE CONVERTER FOR EXTERIORS - 15 GLOSS
AZ9715/BB

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user
Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation
Annex XIV
None of the components are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Not applicable.

Other EU regulations
VOC content (2010/75/EU)

1.5 w/w
18 g/l

Seveso Directive
This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

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Date of previous issue: 16, Feb, 2017.
Version: 6.11 11/12
SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not classified.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Date of printing       | 20, Feb, 2017. |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | 20, Feb, 2017. |
| Date of previous issue | 16, Feb, 2017. |

If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.

Version : 6.11

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, therefore the customer/buyer/user is responsible for determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.